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1530July 28, 1905

At the plague hospital, 2 European males, and 1 native male, the latter a King William's Town case, were discharged, and 1 European male and 1 native female died. Five cases (including 1 from King William's Town who was admitted to the East London Plague Hospital on the 18th instant), remain under treatment. Eighty-four rats (32 found dead) and 29 mice (9 found dead) and 4 cats (2 found dead) are best existently greatly admined the week of which 8 rate 6 mice and

dead) were bacteriologically examined during the week, of which 8 rats, 6 mice, and

1 cat proved to be plague infected.

King William's Town.—One case of plague was discovered during the week, viz. a native male who was sent to East London for observation on the 16th instant, and diagnosed plague on the 18th idem.

Seventy-six rats (56 found dead) and 48 mice (2 found dead) were bacteriologically examined during the week, of which 8 rats and 1 mouse proved to be plague infected.

Queenstown.—No further case of plague was discovered during the week. One

native male remains under treatment.

Other districts of the colony.—No plague infection was discovered either in man or

Three hundred and thirty-two rodents were examined during the week from the Cape Town harbor board area and the shipping in the harbor, and 15 from various municipalities in the Cape Peninsula; also 618 were examined by the medical officer of health for the city from the Cape Town municipal area.

A. John Gregory. Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended July 13, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 8,500; number of deaths, 7; prevailing diseases, yellow fever and malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, not good. The case of yellow fever, English, aged about 30, residing nearly two years in the tropics, embarked on a schooner at the infected port of Puerto Cortez, Spanish Honduras, on the 7th instant, arriving here on the 9th, and while detained in quarantine, beyond the limits of the town, developed this fever on the 11th instant.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
July 7 July 13	A n selm Spero	41 18	0	0 0	0 0 .

CHINA.

 $Report\ from\ Hongkong-Quarantine\ notifications-Plague-Emi$ grants recommended for rejection.

Passed Assistant Surgeon White reports, June 16 and 21, as follows: Week ended May 27, 1905.

Government notification that restrictions enforced by Hongkong remain as reported on April 15, 1905.

Government notification that restrictions against Hongkong remain as reported on May 20, 1905.

Return of quarantinable diseases: Plague, 20 cases, 19 deaths.

Return of diseases contemplated in paragraph 67: Fever, enteric, 1 case, 2 deaths.

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Number of emigrants per steamship *Manchuria* recommended, May 30, for rejection: For San Francisco, 6.

Per steamship Korea for San Francisco, June 22, 1.

Report from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels—Mortality and communicable diseases.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports, June 22, as follows:

During the week ended June 17, 1905, bills of health were issued to 2 vessels, with an aggregate of 568 persons on board, and 2 vessels, 312 crew, 76 cabin and 121 steerage passengers, were inspected. There were also inspected 136 pieces of baggage, and manifests were viséed for 7,122 pieces of freight.

One emigrant for San Francisco by steamship Korea was examined

and passed.

The report of the municipal health officer shows for the week 1 new case of enteric fever among the foreign population, and among the Chinese 3 deaths from diphtheria and 24 deaths from tuberculosis. The total reported mortality was 1 foreigner and 105 natives.

No quarantinable diseases were reported from outports.

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended July 15, 1905. Estimated population, 4,000; number of deaths, 12; prevailing diseases, malarial fever and intestinal disorders; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Numberor	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
July 9 10 10 12 13 14 14 15	Limen M. Calvo Belvernon Sibiria. Bound Brook Alps Alabama Miami Taunton		9 13 0 40 1 0 0 6 10	0 40 0 8 6 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Three bills of health for Panaman ports were viséed.

CUBA.

Report from Cienfuegos—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon McMahon reports, July 18, as follows: During the week ended July 15, 1905, four vessels, with a total crew of 105, were inspected and received bills of health to ports in the United States.

All of the vessels were in good sanitary condition, and no sickness. No quarantinable disease arrived at this port during this week, and none was reported in the city.